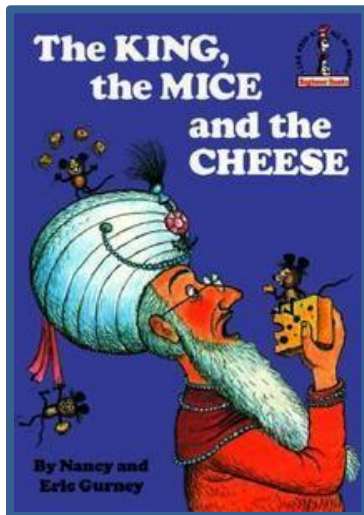


Counterbalancing



Can newborns recognize sounds they heard in the womb?

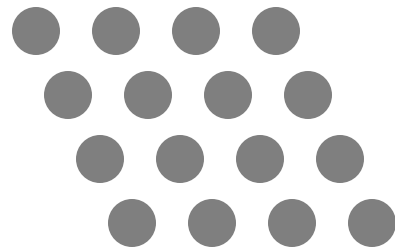
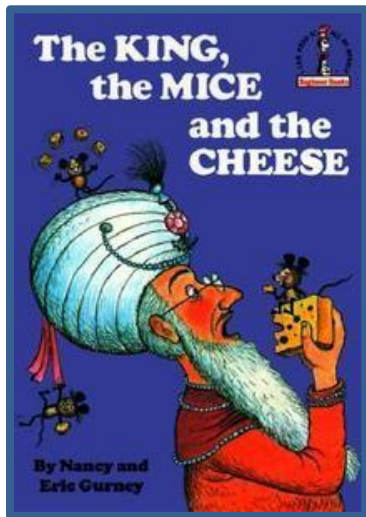
- Say we read “Cat in the Hat” to infants in the womb, and they choose to listen to “Cat in the Hat” after birth
- Maybe they recognize the story, or maybe...



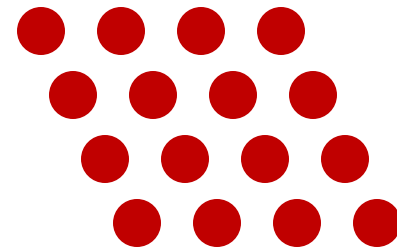
Counterbalancing

Can newborns recognize sounds they heard in the womb?

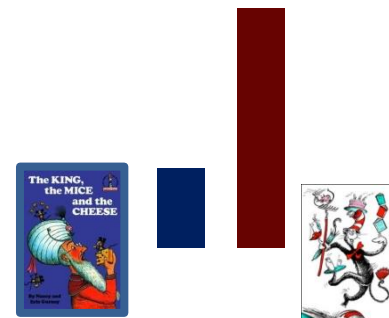
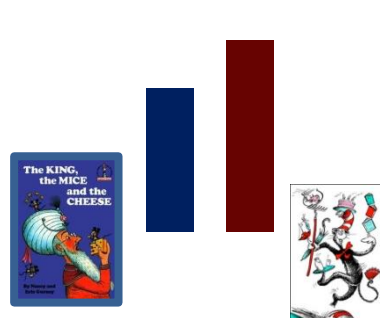
One solution: a baseline measure.



No training



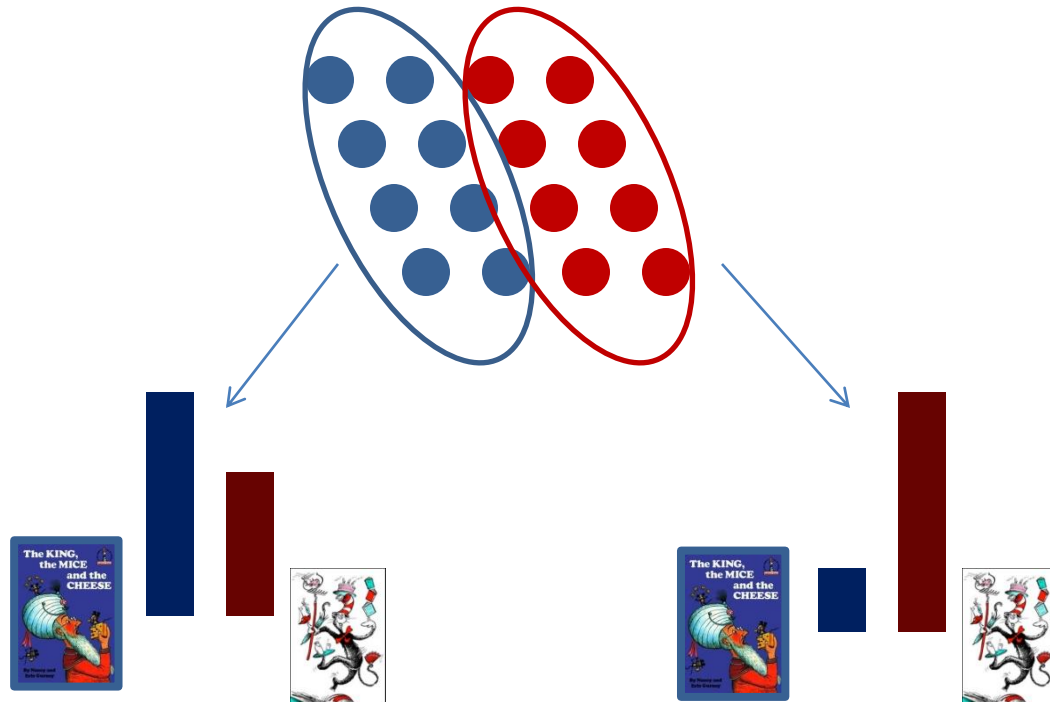
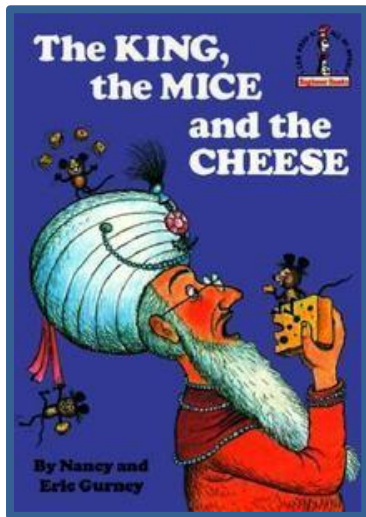
Training



Counterbalancing

Can newborns recognize sounds they heard in the womb?

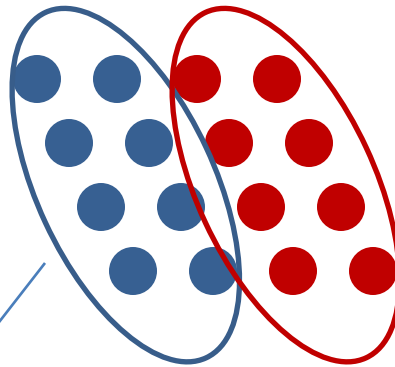
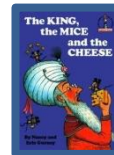
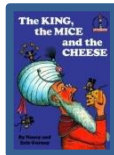
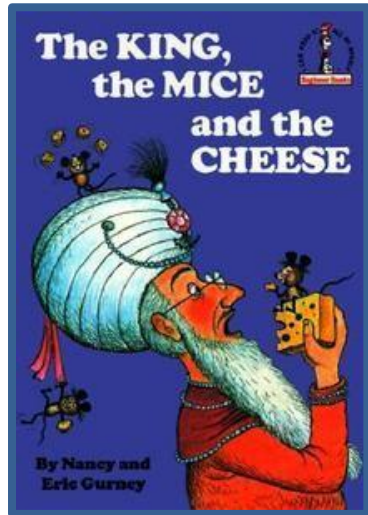
Counterbalancing



Counterbalancing

Can newborns recognize sounds they heard in the womb?

Counterbalancing

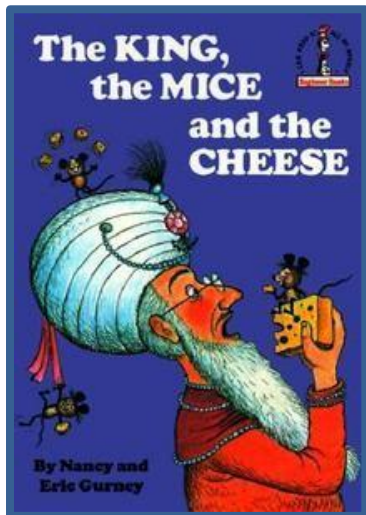


Unfam. Fam.

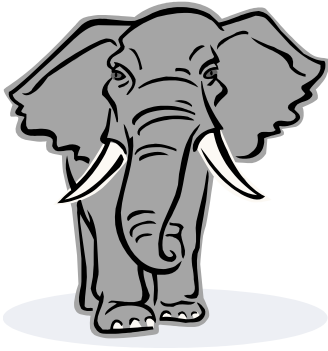
Counterbalancing



- Goal: Logically **rule out** dumb, low-level effects as potential explanations *for a positive result*
- “Best practices”: **minimize** these effects
 - Cat in the Hat vs. The Lorax or vs. Wuthering Heights?
 - Makes it more likely you’ll be able to see a positive result (that your experiment will “work”)
- Baseline condition: **measure** these effects



Dumbo is very
good at
naming objects



It's a modi!

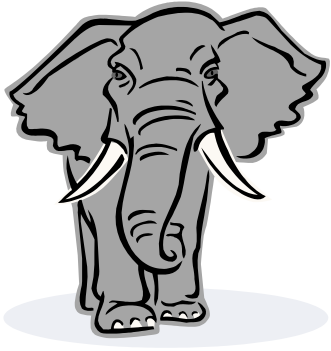


Simba is not
very good at
naming objects



It's a dax!

Dumbo is very good at naming objects



It's a modi!



Simba is not very good at naming objects



It's a dax!

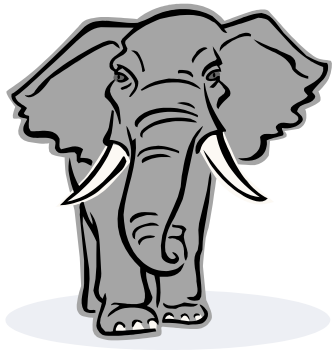
- Kids make use of past reliability to decide which new name to trust
- Kids trust elephants more than lions
- Kids like the word “modi” more than “dax”, or think the object looks more like a modi, or hear “modi” better
- Kids trust whoever named the object first
- Kids trust whoever’s on their left

- Kids trust animals with deeper voices
- Kids trust characters named “Dumbo” more than characters named “Simba”
- Kids trust the experimenter to summarize the correct answer first (“Dumbo said it’s called a modi, and Simba said it’s called a dax.”)

... Sometimes there are a **lot** of uninteresting explanations.

“Folding factors together”

Dumbo is very good at naming objects



It's a modi!

Simba is not very good at naming objects



It's a dax!



Sometimes there are **a lot** of uninteresting explanations.

Fortunately, we don't care how much each one matters.

Q1: Two factors or one? (**Hedging your bets**)

Q2: What should we do about the object name?

Factor A: Lion L/R

Factor B: Whom to trust

On the left...

Elephant...

Speak first

Has a deep voice

Summarized first

Is named Dumbo

Three separate techniques



- Counterbalancing: Logically **rule out** dumb, low-level effects as potential explanations *for a positive result*
 - Position
 - Specific stimuli (sounds, appearances)
 - Order of trials
- “Best practices”: **minimize** these effects
 - Cat in the Hat vs. The Lorax or vs. Wuthering Heights?
 - Makes it more likely you’ll be able to see a positive result (that your experiment will “work”)
- Baseline condition: **measure** these effects

